

NEBRASKA WORKFORCE TRENDS

NOVEMBER 2022 ISSUE | NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

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Insight and Outlook**

Occupational Profile:
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September Openings & Expansions

Kermit Spade, Research Analyst

Business Category	Business Name	Location
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting	Nutrien Ag Solutions (Expansion)	Adams
Education	Gold Star ATA Martial Arts (Opening)	Lincoln
Food Services	De Mi Tierra (Opening)	Columbus
	Blazin Wings (Expansion)	Grand Island
	Jimmy John's (Opening)	Grand Island
Health Care & Social Assistance	COR Therapeutic Services (Opening)	Columbus
	Grand Island Mental Health Clinic (Expansion)	Grand Island
	Priority Family Medicine (Opening)	Norfolk
Other Services	Queen Body Sculpting (Opening)	Columbus
	Studio T Hair Salon (Opening)	Sidney
Transportation	Western Nebraska Regional Airport (Expansion)	Scottsbluff
Wholesale & Retail Trade	The Sage Barn (Opening)	Alliance
	Applied Connective Technologies (Opening)	Columbus
	Olga's Shop (Opening)	Columbus
	Post 60 Market (Opening)	Emerson
	Mabid Market (Opening)	Grand Island
	The Market Grocery Store (Expansion)	Peru
	M&M Thriftporium (Opening)	West Point

Source: Nebraska Department of Labor

Openings and expansions listed are a sampling of activity reported for that month. Some activity may have occurred outside the month. If you have an opening or expansion to report, contact us at LMI_NE@nebraska.gov.

Nebraska Economic Insight and Outlook

Jodie Meyer and Kermit Spade, Research Analysts

Each October, NDOL publishes Nebraska Economic Insight and Outlook, an overview of the statewide labor market. Included is labor force data, employment by industry and occupation, projections, and demographic data. Following are excerpts from this fall's publication. [The full publication is available at neworks.nebraska.gov](https://neworks.nebraska.gov).

Projected Employment Change

Nebraska Employment Projections by Education Level 2020 – 2030

Education	2020 Est. Employment	2030 Projected Employment	Numeric Change	% Change	Avg. Annual Openings
Doctoral or professional degree	28,652	31,337	2,685	9.4%	2,026
Master's degree	17,922	20,445	2,523	14.1%	1,689
Bachelor's degree	237,050	261,351	24,301	10.3%	21,664
Associate degree	21,308	23,306	1,998	9.4%	2,160
Postsecondary non-degree award	81,697	87,895	6,198	7.6%	9,430
Some college, no degree	28,042	29,170	1,128	4.0%	2,863
High school diploma or equivalent	422,128	448,661	26,533	6.3%	49,879
No formal educational credential	262,153	286,285	24,132	9.2%	43,663

Source: Nebraska Department of Labor, Labor Market Information, Workforce Information Grant Unit, released July 2022

The Nebraska Department of Labor's projections program produces occupational projections by education level. From 2020-2030, occupations requiring a master's degree are expected to see 14.1% growth in Nebraska, the largest of any educational attainment category. Occupations requiring an bachelor's degree are second, with a 10.3% projected growth rate through 2030. All occupations requiring a post-secondary non-degree award or greater are projected to increase by at least 7.6%. Occupations requiring a high school diploma or less are projected to increase at a rate of 6.3% - 9.2%. The slowest growth is expected in occupations requiring some college, no degree, at 4.0%.

Although occupations requiring a high school education or less are not projected to increase as rapidly as occupations requiring higher levels of educational attainment, jobs for high school graduates and below are nevertheless expected to have the most total annual openings through 2030. These occupations are projected to have an average of approximately 43,663-49,879 job openings annually, followed by occupations requiring a bachelor's degree, where about 21,664 annual openings are expected in Nebraska.

How to use it

Data on occupational projections by education level show that Nebraska employers are likely to require a more highly-educated workforce in the future. Students and job seekers can use this insight to make informed decisions and choose educational paths that lead to promising employment opportunities. Educators, vocational coaches, and school officials can also use this information to ensure they are providing training that will help students achieve their goals and meet future workforce needs.

Where to find it

Information on occupational projections by education is published by the Nebraska Department of Labor, available at neworks.nebraska.gov. Under Labor Market Information, select Labor Market Analysis. Then select Files, Facts and Figures, Data Download Center, and choose Occupational Employment Projections.

H3 Occupations

'H3 occupations' refers to jobs considered excellent career options due to their high scores in three important categories: having high projected demand in the local labor market, requiring a highly skilled workforce, and offering a high typical rate of pay. The table lists H3 occupations in Nebraska and their statewide annual median wages as of the second quarter of 2022.

The Nebraska Department of Labor classifies and ranks occupations as "H3" based on comparisons of level of future labor market demand, skill and training requirements, and typical wages. The number of projected annual openings, net change in employment, and growth rate determine whether an occupation can be considered 'High Demand.' A 'High Skill' rating means that the occupation requires workers to obtain a minimum of a high school diploma and at least some postsecondary education and/or long-term on-the-job training, apprenticeship, or internship/residency to qualify. 'High Wage' ratings are assigned when an occupation's wage equals or exceeds the region's overall wage for all occupations in at least four out of eight wage categories. An occupation must be High Wage, High Skill and High Demand to be classified as an H3 occupation.

Top 20 H3 Occupations in Nebraska by Average Annual Openings

RANK	Occupation	Median Annual Wage	Avg. Annual Openings	Education, Experience & Training
1	Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	\$52,170	3,517	Postsecondary non-degree award
2	Registered Nurses	\$66,985	1,704	Bachelor's degree
3	General and Operations Managers	\$80,890	1,349	Bachelor's degree
4	Software Developers and Software Quality Assurance Analysts and Testers	\$106,552	1,117	Bachelor's degree
5	Accountants and Auditors	\$65,704	916	Bachelor's degree
6	Elementary School Teachers, Except Special Education	\$63,526	815	Bachelor's degree
7	Electricians	\$50,450	750	High school diploma or equivalent
8	Human Resources Specialists	\$54,808	577	Bachelor's degree
9	Substitute Teachers, Short-Term	\$48,125	571	Bachelor's degree
10	Industrial Machinery Mechanics	\$51,447	554	High school diploma or equivalent
11	Secondary School Teachers, Except Special and Career/Technical Education	\$63,739	546	Bachelor's degree
12	Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics	\$49,682	524	Postsecondary non-degree award
13	Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	\$49,334	503	Postsecondary non-degree award
14	Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	\$61,027	481	Bachelor's degree
15	Project Management Specialists and Business Operations Specialists, All Other	\$67,127	476	Bachelor's degree
16	Financial Managers	\$127,215	460	Bachelor's degree
17	Machinists	\$50,600	459	High school diploma or equivalent
18	Plumbers, Pipefitters, and Steamfitters	\$52,418	453	High school diploma or equivalent
19	Management Analysts	\$83,767	408	Bachelor's degree
20	Heating, Air Conditioning, and Refrigeration Mechanics and Installers	\$50,397	392	Postsecondary non-degree award

1. Sources: Nebraska Department of Labor, Labor Market Information, Workforce Information Grant Unit, released August 2022.

2. Wage data from Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics, 2nd Quarter 2022.

Nebraska's top three H3 occupations in 2022 were heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers (\$52,170 annual median wage), followed by registered nurses (\$66,985 annual median wage), and general and operations managers (\$80,890 annual median wage). Most of the top 20 H3 occupations require some form of postsecondary education, and more than half require a bachelor's degree.

How to use it

The classification of jobs into H3 occupations provides a way to identify in-demand occupations that offer highly competitive wages. H3 data may be especially useful for job seekers who have been laid off and are embarking on new careers, as well as students and career counselors who want to identify educational programs that may lead to strong job prospects. Educational institutions can also use H3 data to ensure they are providing programs that will produce skilled graduates who can fill openings for in-demand occupations.

Where to find it

Information on Nebraska's H3 occupations is available at networks.nebraska.gov. Under Labor Market Information, select Labor Market Analysis. Then select Files, Facts and Figures, Data Download Center, and choose High Wage, High Skill, High Demand (H3) Occupations.

Nebraska Economic Insight and Outlook

is an overview of the statewide labor market, including demographic reviews, educational attainment, labor force data, employment by industry and occupation, and employment projections.



Nebraska
Economic Insight and Outlook

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Visit [NEworks.nebraska.gov](https://networks.nebraska.gov) to see more!

Occupational Profile: Information Security Analysts

Rachel Eckloff, Research Analyst

Information security analysts “plan, implement, upgrade, or monitor security measures for the protection of computer networks and information” and “assess system vulnerabilities for security risks and propose and implement risk mitigation strategies.” They may also be required to “respond to computer security breaches and viruses.” (1)

As of May 2021 data, there were an estimated 750 information security analysts working in Nebraska. (2)

What They Do:

According to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS), typical duties for information security analysts include (3):

- Monitoring their organization’s networks for security breaches and investigating when one occurs;
- Using and maintaining software, such as firewalls and data encryption programs, to protect sensitive information;
- Checking for vulnerabilities in computer and network systems;
- Researching the latest information technology (IT) security trends;
- Preparing reports that document general metrics, attempted attacks, and security breaches;
- Developing security standards and best practices for their organization;
- Recommending security enhancements to management or senior IT staff;
- Helping computer users when they need to install or learn about new security products and procedures.

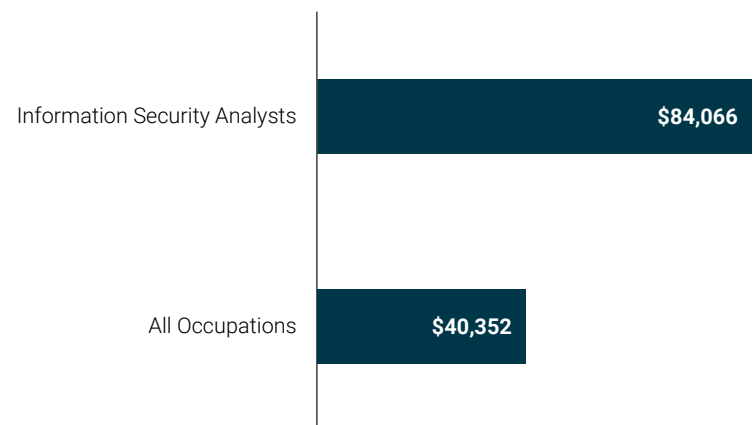
Educational Requirements:

Most jobs for information security analysts require a bachelor’s degree in computer science, information technology, or a related field. While not mandatory, certifications programs in general information security and specialized areas of focus do exist and may be preferred by employers. (3)

Nebraska Wages

The median annual wage for information security analysts in Nebraska was \$84,066 as of the second quarter of 2022. This was higher than the median wage for all occupations, which was \$40,352. (2)

Nebraska Wages for Information Security Analysts, Q2 2022



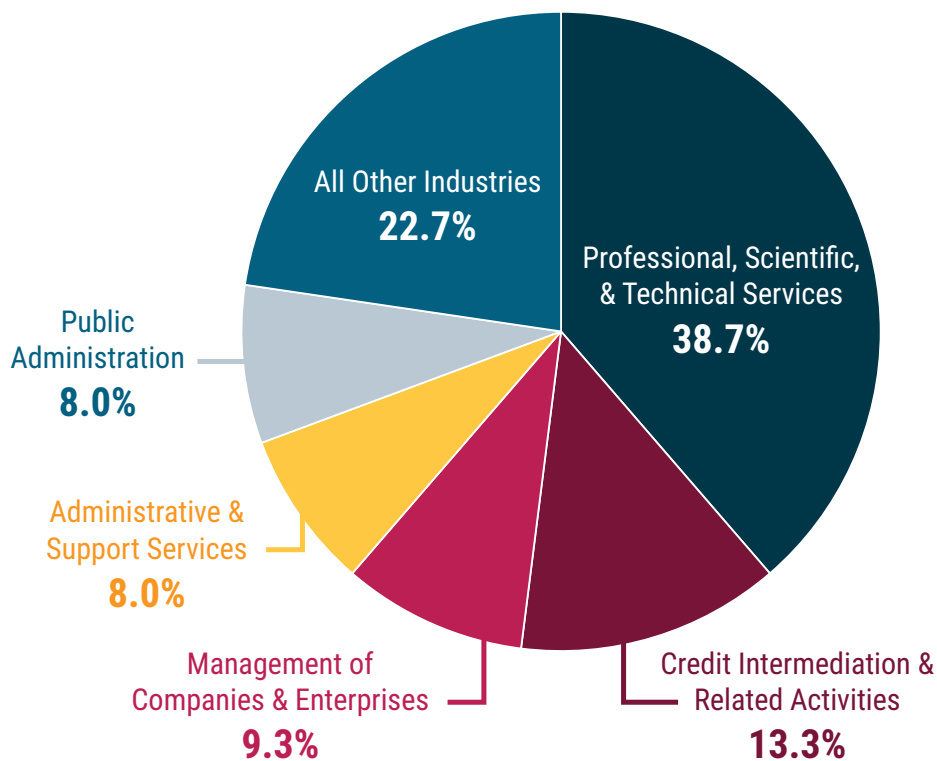
Source: Nebraska Department of Labor. Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics (OEWS). Q2 2021. neworks.nebraska.gov.

Nebraska Employment* and Wages by Top Industries of Employment for Information Security Analysts, Q2 2022

Industry	Employment (May 2021)	Median Annual Wage (Q2 2022)
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	290	\$82,735
Credit Intermediation & Related Activities	100	\$84,026
Management of Companies & Enterprises	70	\$107,174
Administrative & Support Services	60	\$103,653
Public Administration	60	\$98,907

Source: Nebraska Department of Labor. Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics (OEWS). Q2 2022. networks.nebraska.gov.
* Employment estimates are as of May 2021 data.

Top 5 Largest Industries of Employment for Nebraska Information Security Analysts, May 2021



Source: Nebraska Department of Labor. Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics (OEWS). Q2 2022. networks.nebraska.gov.

Industry of Employment:

The top industry of employment for Nebraska’s information security analysts in May 2021 was professional, scientific, and technical services (38.7%). Credit intermediation and related activities (13.3%) and management of companies and enterprises (9.3%) were also major employers of workers in this occupation.

Sources:

1. U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration. Occupational Information Network (O*NET). 15-1212.00 - Information Security Analysts. [Online] 2022. <https://www.onetonline.org/link/summary/15-1212.00>.
2. Nebraska Department of Labor. Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics. [Online] Q2 2022. networks.nebraska.gov.
3. U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Outlook Handbook. Information Security Analysts. [Online] 2022. <https://www.bls.gov/ooh/computer-and-information-technology/information-security-analysts.htm>.

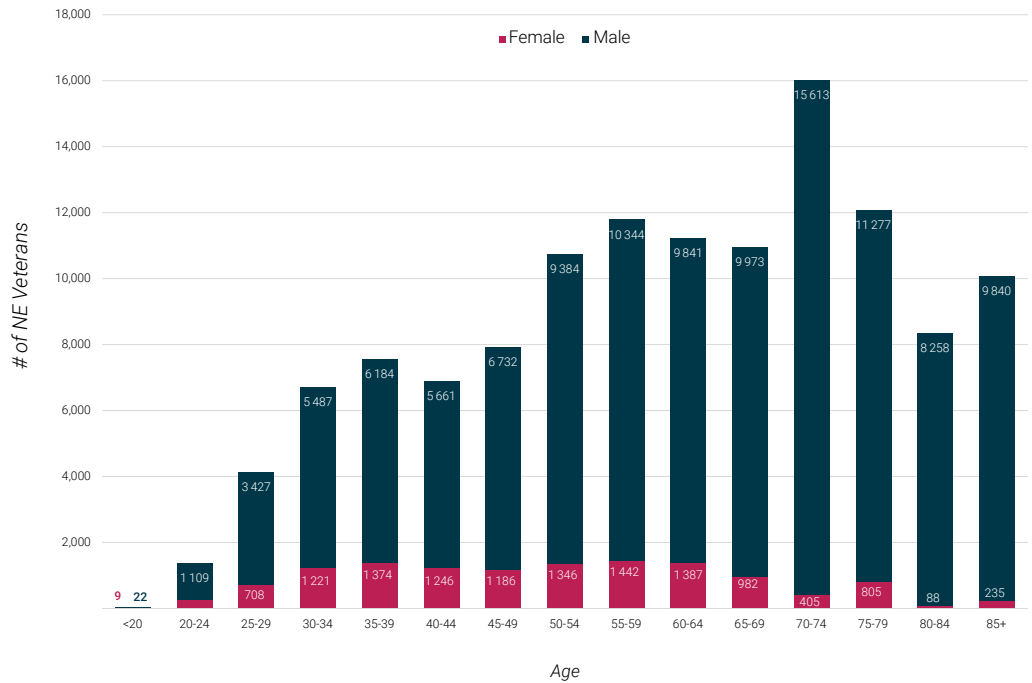
Spotlight on Veterans and Active Duty Military

Andrew Bouwens and Kermit Spade, Research Analysts

Nebraska is no stranger to military operations. Most people would recognize the name Offutt Air Force Base (AFB), located in Sarpy County, Nebraska, which is also home to the Strategic Air Command (SAC) center. It has been used as a back up to the President's Command Center at Andrews AFB in Maryland and is where most of Nebraska's active-duty military are stationed.

Given Nebraska's military presence, it's not surprising there are a significant number of veterans in the state as well. As of September 30, 2020, there were 125,852 veterans in Nebraska. (1)

Nebraska Veterans by Age and Sex, 2020



Source: U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs. National Center for Veterans Analysis and Statistics. Veteran Population: States, Age/Gender (FY2020). September 2022. https://www.va.gov/vetdata/veteran_population.asp.

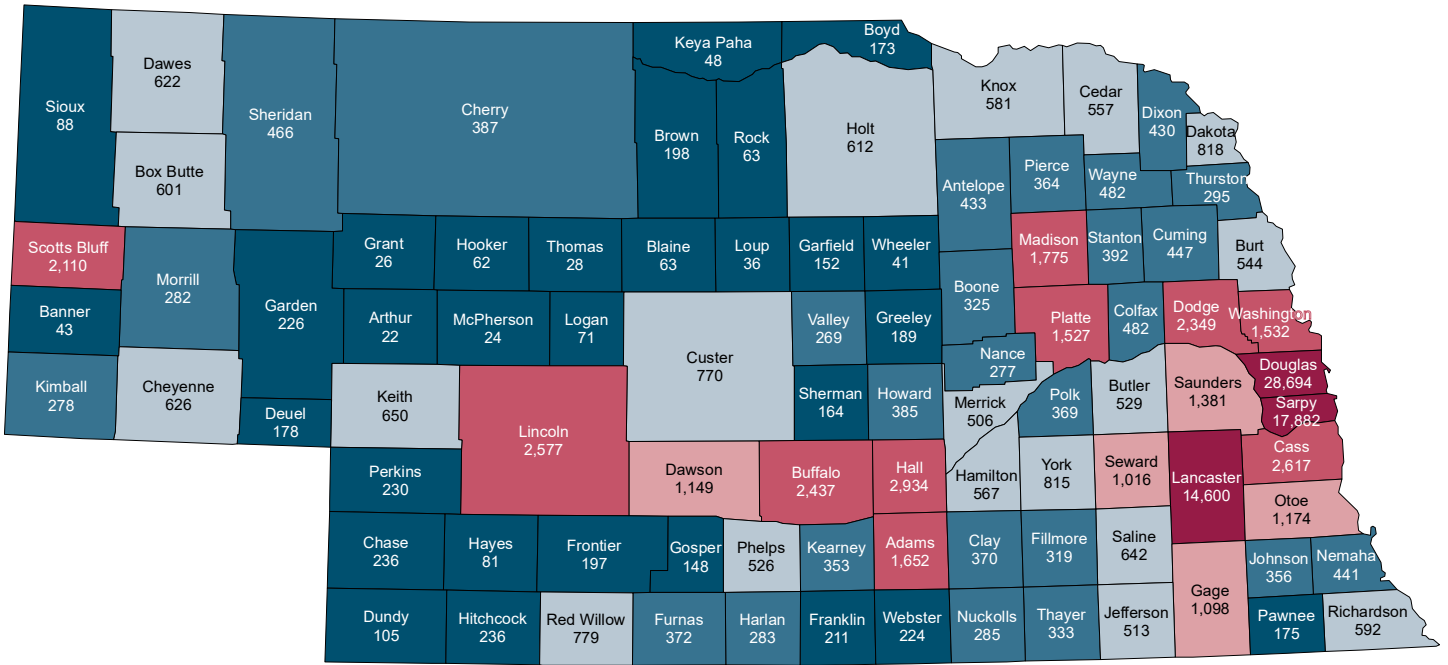
Nebraska Veteran Characteristics

Age/Sex

Nebraska's veterans spanned all age groups, from under the age of 20 to over the age of 85. About 10% (12,700) of the state's veterans were women. Veterans ages 70 and older made up about 37% of Nebraska's veterans, while those ages 50 to 69 made up 35%, and the remaining 27% were veterans ages 20 to 49. About 54% of Nebraska's veterans were under age 54, meaning they are within the age range that is typically in the labor force. (1)

As of 2018, there were **2,265** veteran-owned firms in Nebraska, which employed **36,561 workers**. Together these veteran-owned firms had payrolls of more than **\$1.2 billion**. (2)

Veteran Population by County, 2020



Source: U.S. Census Bureau. American Community Survey 2020 5-year estimates, table S2101. data.census.gov. [Online] March 2022. <https://data.census.gov/cedsci/table?text=s2101&g=0400000US31&tid=ACSS1Y2021.S2101>.

Veterans by County



In 2020, veterans made up 7.9% of the state’s population. Blaine, Garden, and Sarpy Counties had the highest number of veterans as a percentage of the population ages 18 and over. Douglas, Sarpy, and Lancaster Counties had the highest absolute number of veterans in 2020. Arthur, McPherson, Grant, and Thomas Counties had the smallest population of veterans, with less than 30 each. The veteran population aligns with the state’s major population centers, as well as locations of military and veteran facilities. (3)

Median Income & Education

The median income of the Nebraska veteran population was \$44,790, which was more than \$10,000 more than the total population. In educational attainment, a slightly higher percentage of veterans were high school graduates (+3.2%) and had some college or an associate degree (+3.5%) compared to the population as a whole. Veterans were slightly less likely (-3.6%) to have a bachelor’s degree or higher compared to the whole population. (3)

Race/Ethnicity

By race/ethnicity demographics, the percentage of white veterans was 7.5% higher than the percentage of whites in the state’s overall population. All other race/ethnicities had a smaller percentage of veterans than in the state’s population overall. The largest difference was seen in Hispanic or Latino veterans, which had a percentage of veterans 5.5% lower than the population as a whole. (3)

Employment and Disability Status

The unemployment rate for veterans (1.8%) was 1.4% lower than that of the total population (3.2%). Veterans were 14.9% more likely to have a disability than the total population. (3)



Active-Duty Military by State

According to the Defense Manpower Data Center, Nebraska had 6,464 active-duty military personnel across all branches of service in June 2022. With Offutt AFB being the biggest installation in Nebraska, the Air Force leads the way with 5,949 active personnel, followed by the Navy with 282, the Army with 155, and the Marine Corps with 78. There were no active-duty Coast Guard personnel in Nebraska. The state was also home to 5,917 members of the National Guard and Reserves, and 3,921 civilian Department of Defense employees. (4)

As of June 2022, there were 1,341,609 active-duty personnel nationwide across all services within the Department of Defense. About 17.5% of them were women. The states with the most active-duty personnel were California (217,889), Texas (174,598), Virginia (156,475). Nebraska ranked #30 among the 50 states and the District of Columbia. (5)

Top 10 States: Active-Duty Military Population, June 2022

Rank	State	Total Active-Duty
1	California	163,465
2	Virginia	129,646
3	Texas	115,505
4	North Carolina	97,818
5	Florida	67,242
6	Washington	63,443
7	Georgia	62,642
8	Hawaii	40,966
9	Colorado	38,861
10	Kentucky	35,930

Source: U.S. Department of Defense. Defense Manpower Data Center. Military and Civilian Personnel by Service/Agency by State/Country. June 2022. <https://dwp.dmdc.osd.mil/dwp/app/dod-data-reports/workforce-reports>.

Active-Duty Rank and Paygrade

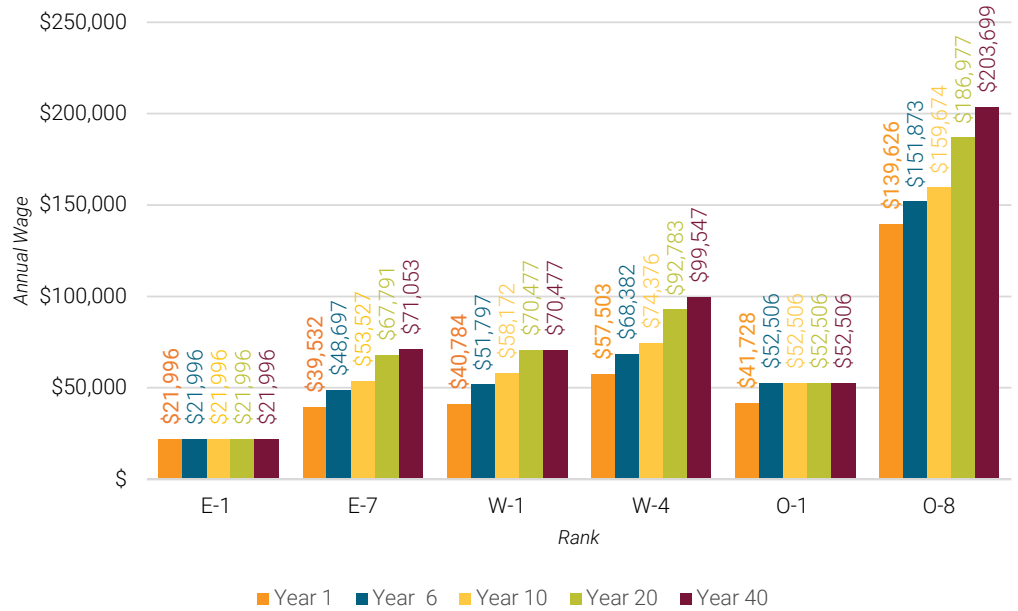
The E-1 paygrade, which includes Privates, Seamen, Airmen, and Specialists, are all entry-level and average \$21,999 dollars a year no matter the length of service. The enlisted ranks go up to an E-9 Sergeant Major, which requires at least 10 years of service. (5)

Warrant Officers are specialists and experts in military technologies or capabilities for the military in the United States, and this title is consistent in all six branches of the military. Their entry-level pay for a W-1 Warrant Officer starts at \$40,784.40 and increases to \$70,477.20 per year after 40 years of service. For a W-4 Chief Warrant Officer 4, the pay ranges from \$57,502.80 a year initially to \$99,547.20 after 40 years. (5)

Finally, we look at the commissioned ranks. An O-1 insignia represents a Second Lieutenant, and Ensign across the military departments. Those positions' first year of service pays an annual pay of \$41,727.60 dollars. After 40-years of service, an O-8 (General or Admiral) can take in \$203,698.30 annually. (5)

As of second-quarter 2022, Nebraska's average annual wage for civilian occupations was \$55,077. For entry-level civilian occupations, the average annual wage was \$27,956. (6)

Annual Wage for Active-Duty Military by Rank and Years of Service, 2022



Source: U.S. Department of Defense. Military Active Duty and Reserve Pay tables (FY22). December 2021. <https://www.dfas.mil/Portals/98/Documents/militarymembers/militarymembers/pay-tables/2022%20Military%20Pay%20Tables.pdf?ver=eyZKK478XVlcSQoEG7xFA%3d%3d>.

Enlisted													
	E-1	E-2	E-3	E-4	E-5	E-6	E-7	E-8	E-9				
Army	No Insignia Private E-1	 Private E-2	 Private First Class	 Corporal Specialist	 Sergeant	 Staff Sergeant	 Sergeant First Class	 Master Sergeant	 First Sergeant	 Sergeant Major	 Command Sergeant Major		
Air Force	No Insignia Airman Basic	 Airman	 Airman First Class	 Senior Airman	 Staff Sergeant	 Technical Sergeant	 Master Sergeant	 First Sergeant (E-7)	 Senior Master Sergeant	 First Sergeant (E-8)	 Chief Master Sergeant	 First Sergeant (E-9)	 Command Chief Master Sergeant
Marines	No Insignia Private	 Private First	 Lance Corporal	 Corporal	 Sergeant	 Staff Sergeant	 Gunnery Sergeant	 Master Sergeant	 First Sergeant	 Master Gunnery Sergeant	 Sergeant Major		
Navy	No Insignia Seaman Recruit	 Seaman Apprentice	 Seaman	 Petty Officer Third Class	 Petty Officer Second Class	 Petty Officer First Class	 Chief Petty Officer	 Senior Chief Petty Officer	 Chief Petty Officer	 Master Chief Petty Officer	 Force or Fleet Command Master Chief Petty Officer		

Officers										
	O-1	O-2	O-3	O-4	O-5	O-6	O-7	O-8	O-9	O-10
Army Air Force Marines	 Second Lieutenant	 First Lieutenant	 Captain	 Major	 Lieutenant Colonel	 Colonel	 Brigadier General	 Major General	 Lieutenant General	 General
Navy	 Ensign	 Lieutenant Junior Grade	 Lieutenant	 Lieutenant Commander	 Commander	 Captain	 Rear Admiral Lower Half	 Rear Admiral Upper Half	 Vice Admiral	 Admiral

Source: U.S. Department of Defense. U.S. Military Rank Insignia. <https://www.defense.gov/Resources/Insignia/>.

Employment Assistance for Veterans

The Nebraska Department of Labor’s job centers located in communities throughout the state provide priority of service to veterans and help them transition to civilian employment. Businesses who decide to hire a veteran are also eligible for a tax incentive through the Work Opportunity Tax Credit (WOTC). For the more information on these programs and a listing of job centers, visit dol.nebraska.gov.

Sources:

1. U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs. National Center for Veterans Analysis and Statistics. Veteran Population: States, Age/Gender (FY2020). [Online] September 2022. https://www.va.gov/vetdata/veteran_population.asp.
2. U.S. Census Bureau. Annual Business Survey: Statistics for Employer Firms by Industry, Sex, Ethnicity, Race, and Veteran Status for the U.S., States and Metro Areas: 2018 . Table AB1800CSA01. [Online] January 2021. <https://data.census.gov/cedsci/>.
3. U.S. Census Bureau. American Community Survey 2020 5-year estimates, table S2101. data.census.gov. [Online] March 2022. <https://data.census.gov/cedsci/table?text=s2101&g=0400000US31&tid=ACST1Y2021.S2101>.
4. U.S. Department of Defense. Defense Manpower Data Center. Military and Civilian Personnel by Service/Agency by State/Country. [Online] June 2022. <https://dwp.dmdc.osd.mil/dwp/app/dod-data-reports/workforce-reports>.
5. Defense Accounting and Finance Department. Military Active Duty and Reserve Pay Tables (FY22). [Online] December 2021. <https://www.dfas.mil/Portals/98/Documents/militarymembers/militarymembers/pay-tables/2022%20Military%20Pay%20Tables.pdf?ver=eyZKK478XVlcSQoEG7xFA%3d%3d>.
6. Occupational Wage and Employment Statistics (OEWS). NEworks. [Online] Q2 2022. <https://networks.nebraska.gov>.

Occupation Employment and Wage Survey

NDOL is collecting responses to the biannual Occupation Employment and Wage Survey (“OEWS”). Participation by Nebraska employers is now mandatory.

The data obtained through this survey is critical to providing Nebraska employers with information needed to assess labor market needs and availability in a competitive hiring market.

Employers who receive a survey should complete it as soon as possible.

Call 402-471-9967 if you have questions regarding the survey. Thank you for your cooperation!



2023 Unemployment Insurance Tax Rates

NDOL will issue employer 2023 Unemployment Insurance tax rates in early December, 2022. To ensure prompt receipt of the rate notice, employers should log into their NEworks account and update all contact information. Questions may be directed to **402-471-9898** or ndol.uiccontact@nebraska.gov

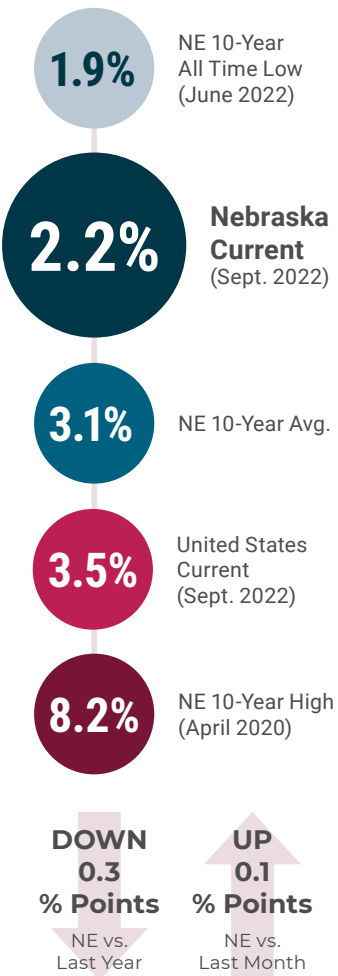


Economic Indicators

Kermit Spade, Research Analyst

Unemployment Rate

Seasonally Adjusted



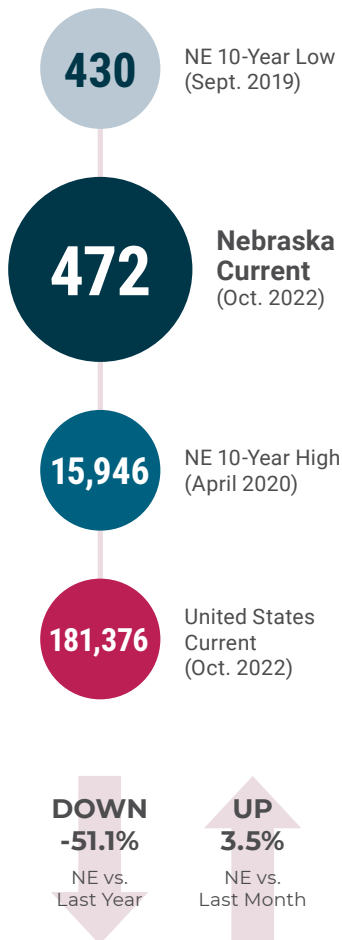
The unemployment rate represents the number of unemployed persons as a share of the labor force. Unemployed persons are those ages 16 years and older who had no work during the reference period, but who were available for and actively seeking work.

(For more on defining 'labor force,' see Labor Force Participation Rate.)²

NE- Nebraska Department of Labor. Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS). Unemployment Rate (%). NEworks. <https://networks.nebraska.gov>.
 U.S.- U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Labor Force Statistics from the Current Population Survey. (Seas) Unemployment Rate. Series ID LNS14000000. <https://data.bls.gov/PDQWeb/ce>

Initial Unemployment Claims

Monthly Avg. Number of Claims per Week

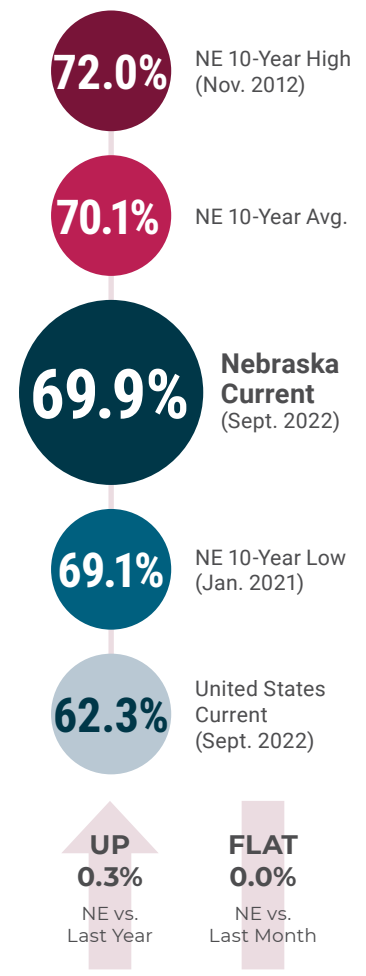


An initial claim is a request for determination of UI program eligibility filed by an unemployed individual following a separation from an employer. It can serve as an indicator of emerging labor market conditions in the area.¹

NE- U.S. Employment & Training Administration. Initial Claims in Nebraska (NEICLAIMS). Retrieved from Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis. <https://fred.stlouisfed.org/series/NEICLAIMS>.
 U.S.- U.S. Employment & Training Administration. Initial Claims (ICNSA). Retrieved from Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis. <https://fred.stlouisfed.org/series/ICNSA>.

Labor Force Participation Rate

Seasonally Adjusted



The labor force participation rate measures the labor force (people working or looking for work) as a percentage of the total civilian, noninstitutionalized population, age 16 and over.³

NE- U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Labor Force Participation Rate for Nebraska (LBSSA31). Retrieved from Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis. <https://fred.stlouisfed.org/series/LBSSA31>.
 U.S.- U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Civilian Labor Force Participation Rate (CIVPART). Retrieved from Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis. <https://fred.stlouisfed.org/series/CIVPART>.

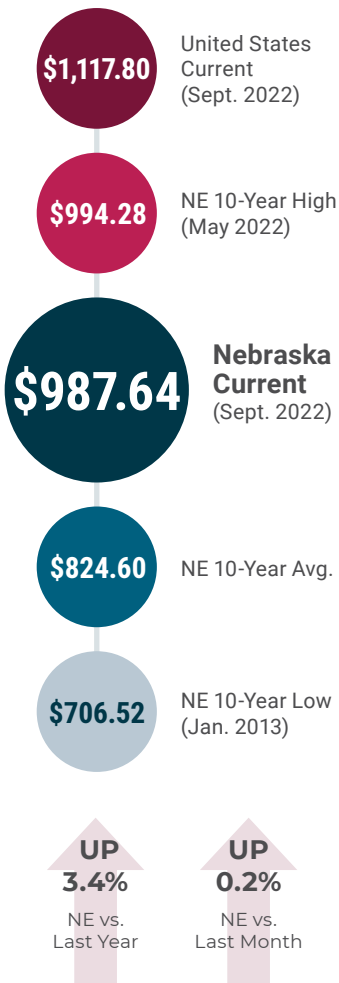
Data Sources: [Retrieved: September 2022.]

Economic Indicators

Kermit Spade, Research Analyst

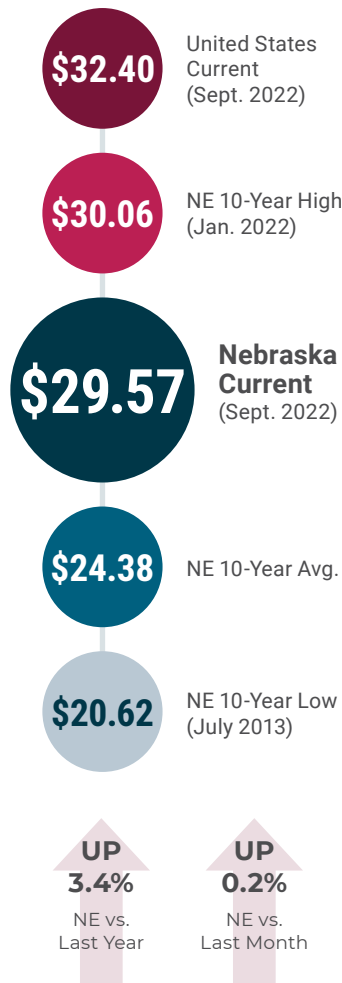
Avg. Weekly Earnings

All Private Employees
Not Seasonally Adjusted



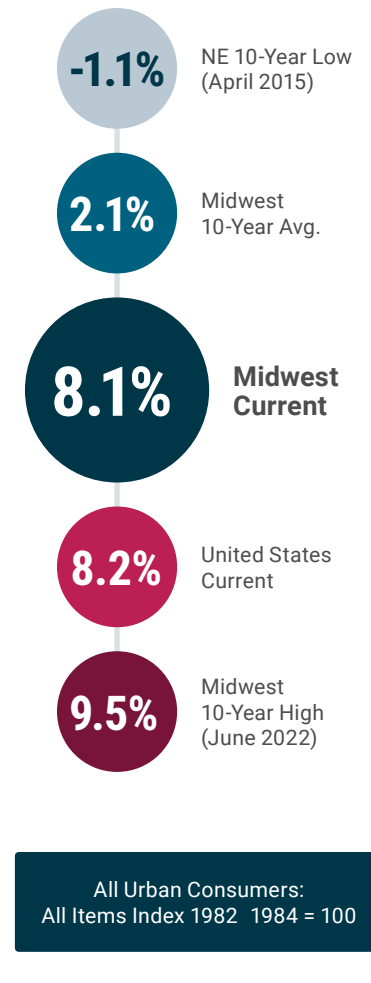
Avg. Hourly Earnings

All Private Employees
Not Seasonally Adjusted



Consumer Price Index

12-Month % Change
Not Seasonally Adjusted



Average weekly earnings represents the mean pay received by workers for services performed over the course of one week.⁴

NE- U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. State and Area Employment, Hours, & Earnings. Average Weekly Earnings of All Employees, In Dollars. Nebraska (Statewide): Total Private, Not Seasonally Adjusted. Series ID SMU31000000500000011.

<https://data.bls.gov/PDQWeb/sm>.

U.S.- U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Employment, Hours, & Earnings from the Current Employment Statistics Survey (National). Average Weekly Earnings of All Employees: Total Private, Not Seasonally Adjusted. Series ID CES0500000011.

<https://data.bls.gov/PDQWeb/ce>.

Average hourly earnings represents the mean pay received by workers for services performed during one hour of work.⁵

NE- U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. State and Area Employment, Hours, & Earnings. Average Hourly Earnings of All Employees, In Dollars. Nebraska (Statewide): Total Private, Not Seasonally Adjusted. Series ID SMU31000000500000003.

<https://data.bls.gov/PDQWeb/sm>.

U.S.- U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Employment, Hours, & Earnings from the Current Employment Statistics Survey (National). Average Hourly Earnings of All Employees: Total Private, Not Seasonally Adjusted. Series ID CEU0500000003.

<https://data.bls.gov/PDQWeb/ce>

The consumer price index (CPI) is a measure of the average change over time in the prices paid by consumers for goods and services. It is used to determine the real purchasing power of consumers' dollars, and as a measure of inflation.⁶

NE- U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers: All Items in Midwest (CUUR0200SA0). Retrieved from Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis.

<https://fred.stlouisfed.org/series/CUUR0200SA0#0>.

U.S.- U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers: All Items (CPIAUCNS). Retrieved from Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis.

<https://fred.stlouisfed.org/series/CPIAUCNS>.

Data Sources: [Retrieved: September 2022.]

1,034,979

Total Nonfarm Employment (filled jobs)
Not Seasonally Adjusted
for September 2022

Nonfarm employment, a count of filled jobs, was 1,034,979 in September, up 6,803 over the month and up 26,650 over the year. Private industries with the most growth month to month were education and health services (up 1,286); trade, transportation, and utilities (up 461); and information (up 344). Private industries with the most growth year to year were education and health services (up 5,229); professional and business services (up 5,150); and trade, transportation, and utilities (up 5,137).

Data Source:

NE- Nebraska Department of Labor. Current Employment Statistics. NEworks. networks.nebraska.gov/ces.

52,327

Job count on NEworks as of
November 3, 2022

.....

92,012

Total job count on NEworks for the
month of September 2022

This number reflects the number of job openings advertised online in Nebraska as of September 2022. It is de-duplicated for statistical analysis.

Data Source:

NE- Nebraska Department of Labor. Online advertised jobs data. NEworks. networks.nebraska.gov.

*Labor market information is updated continuously.
For the latest data, visit networks.nebraska.gov or contact us
at 800-876-1377 or email Imi_ne@nebraska.gov.*

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NEworks.nebraska.gov



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